

# **House of Representatives**

General Assembly

File No. 176

January Session, 2007

Substitute House Bill No. 7297

House of Representatives, March 28, 2007

The Committee on Environment reported through REP. ROY, R. of the 119th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the House, that the substitute bill ought to pass.

#### AN ACT ENHANCING CONNECTICUT AGRICULTURE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 12-107c of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2007*):
- 3 (a) An owner of land may apply for its classification as farm land on 4 any grand list of a municipality by filing a written application for such 5 classification with the assessor thereof not earlier than thirty days 6 before or later than thirty days after the assessment date, provided in a 7 year in which a revaluation of all real property in accordance with 8 section 12-62 becomes effective such application may be filed not later 9 than ninety days after such assessment date. The assessor shall 10 determine whether such land is farm land and, if such assessor 11 determines that it is farm land, he or she shall classify and include it as 12 such on the grand list. Such assessor shall not reclassify such land 13 classified as farm land based solely on a transfer of ownership of such 14 land, provided such land continues to be used for farming or 15 agricultural operations to the extent it had been used prior to such

transfer of ownership. In determining whether such land is farm land, such assessor shall take into account, among other things, the acreage of such land, the portion thereof in actual use for farming or agricultural operations, the productivity of such land, the gross income derived therefrom, the nature and value of the equipment used in connection therewith, and the extent to which the tracts comprising such land are contiguous.

- (b) An application for classification of land as farm land shall be made upon a form prescribed by the Commissioner of Agriculture and shall set forth a description of the land, a general description of the use to which it is being put, a statement of the potential liability for tax under the provisions of sections 12-504a to 12-504f, inclusive, and such other information as the assessor may require to aid the assessor in determining whether such land qualifies for such classification.
- (c) Failure to file an application for classification of land as farm land within the time limit prescribed in subsection (a) of this section and in the manner and form prescribed in subsection (b) of this section shall be considered a waiver of the right to such classification on such assessment list.
- (d) Any person aggrieved by the denial of any application for the classification of land as farm land shall have the same rights and remedies for appeal and relief as are provided in the general statutes for taxpayers claiming to be aggrieved by the doings of assessors or boards of assessment appeals.
- Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2007*) (a) There is hereby created a body politic and corporate to be known as the "Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Incorporated". Such corporation is constituted a public instrumentality and political subdivision of the state and the exercise by the corporation of the powers conferred in this act shall be deemed and held to be the performance of an essential public and governmental function. The Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Incorporated shall not be construed to be a department, institution or agency of the state.

(b) The corporation shall be governed by a board of fifteen directors. Eight members shall be appointed by the Governor, at least six of whom shall be knowledgeable and have favorable reputations for skill, knowledge and experience, in agriculture, agricultural business or agricultural finance. The Commissioner of Agriculture shall be a member and shall have all of the powers and privileges of a member of the board of directors. The Commissioner of Agriculture may designate his or her deputy or any member of his or her staff to represent him or her at meetings of the corporation with full power to act and vote on his or her behalf. Six members shall be appointed as follows: Two by the president pro tempore of the Senate, one by the minority leader of the Senate, two by the speaker of the House of Representatives and one by the minority leader of the House of Representatives. Each member appointed by the Governor shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor but no longer than the term of office of the Governor or until the member's successor is appointed and qualified, whichever is longer. Each member appointed by a member of the General Assembly shall serve in accordance with the provisions of section 4-1a of the general statutes. A director shall be eligible for reappointment. The Governor shall fill any vacancy for the unexpired term of a member appointed by the Governor. The appropriate legislative appointing authority shall fill any vacancy for the unexpired term of a member appointed by such authority.

- (c) The chairperson of the board shall be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of both houses of the General Assembly. The directors shall annually elect one of their number as secretary. The board may elect such other officers of the board as it deems proper. Members shall receive no compensation for the performance of their duties but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance thereof.
- (d) Each director of the corporation before entering upon his duties shall take and subscribe the oath or affirmation required by article eleventh, section 1, of the State Constitution. A record of each such oath or affirmation shall be filed in the office of the Secretary of the

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State. The board of directors of the corporation shall adopt written procedures, in accordance with the provisions of section 1-121 of the general statutes, for: (1) Adopting an annual budget and plan of operations, including a requirement of board approval before the budget or plan may take effect; (2) hiring, dismissing, promoting and compensating employees of the corporation, including an affirmative action policy and a requirement of board approval before a position may be created or a vacancy filled; (3) purchasing, leasing or acquiring real and personal property and personal services, including a requirement of board approval for any nonbudgeted expenditure in excess of five thousand dollars; (4) contracting for financial, legal, bond underwriting and other professional services, including a requirement that the corporation solicit proposals at least once every three years for each such service which it uses; (5) awarding loans, grants and other financial assistance, including eligibility criteria, the application process and the role played by the corporation's staff and board of directors; and (6) the use of surplus funds to the extent authorized under the provisions of the general statutes.

- (e) The corporation shall have the authority to contract with the Department of Agriculture for administrative or other services.
- Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2007*) The Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Incorporated shall have perpetual succession and shall adopt, amend and repeal bylaws for the conduct of its affairs. Such succession shall continue until the existence of the corporation is terminated by law, provided no such termination shall affect any outstanding contractual obligation of the corporation to assist any person and the state shall succeed to the obligations of the corporation under such contract. Upon termination of the corporation, its rights and properties shall pass to and be vested in the state.
- Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective July 1, 2007*) (a) The powers of the Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Incorporated shall be vested in and exercised by the board of directors. Eight members of the board shall constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of a majority of the

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members present at a meeting of the board shall be necessary and sufficient for any action taken by the board. No vacancy in the membership of the board shall impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the duties of the board. Any action taken by the board may be authorized by resolution at any regular or special meeting and shall take effect immediately unless otherwise provided in the resolution. Notice of any regular meeting shall be given in writing, by telephone or orally, not less than forty-eight hours prior to the meeting. Notice of any special meeting shall be given in accordance with subsection (d) of section 1-225 of the general statutes.

(b) The board may delegate to three or more of its members such board powers and duties as it may deem proper. At least one of such members shall not be a state employee. The board shall establish such committees, subcommittees or other entities as it deems necessary to further the purposes of the corporation including, but not limited to, a finance committee and one or more technical peer review committees.

Sec. 5. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) The board shall appoint an executive director of the Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Incorporated who shall not be a member of the board and who shall serve at the pleasure of the board and shall receive such compensation as shall be determined by the board. The executive director shall direct and supervise administrative affairs and the general management of the corporation. The executive director may employ such other employees as shall be designated by the board of directors; shall attend all meetings of the board and shall keep a record of all proceedings and maintain and be custodian of all books, documents and papers filed with the corporation and of the minute book of the corporation and of its official seal. The executive director may cause copies to be made of all minutes and other records and documents of the corporation and may give certificates under the official seal of the corporation to the effect that such copies are true copies, and all persons dealing with the corporation may rely upon such certificates. The executive director or the executive director's designee may serve as a member of such other boards or committees

as may be necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of the corporation.

- Sec. 6. (NEW) (Effective July 1, 2007) The purposes of the Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Incorporated shall be to provide financing for agricultural business development to encourage agricultural business growth and innovation, to encourage the creation and transfer of new agricultural technologies, to assist existing agricultural businesses in adopting current and innovative technological processes, to stimulate and provide services to agricultural industry that will advance the adoption and utilization of agricultural technology, to achieve improvements in the quality of agricultural products and services, to stimulate and encourage the development and operation of new and existing agricultural business incubator facilities and to promote agricultural science and other disciplines that are essential to the development and application of agricultural technology within Connecticut by the infusion of financial aid for research, invention and innovation in situations in which such financial aid would not otherwise be reasonably available from commercial or other sources, and for these purposes the corporation shall have the following powers:
- (1) To have perpetual succession as a body corporate and to adopt bylaws, policies and procedures for the regulation of its affairs and conduct of its businesses as provided in section 32-36 of the general statutes;
- (2) To enter into venture agreements with persons, upon such terms and on such conditions as are consistent with the purposes of this act, for the advancement of financial aid to such persons for the research, development and application of specific technologies, products, procedures, services and techniques, to be developed and produced in this state, and to condition such agreements upon contractual assurances that the benefits of increasing or maintaining employment and tax revenues shall remain in this state and shall accrue to it;
- 182 (3) To solicit, receive and accept aid, grants or contributions from

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any source of money, property or labor or other things of value, to be held, used and applied to carry out the purposes of this section, subject to the conditions upon which such grants and contributions may be made, including, but not limited to, gifts or grants from any department or agency of the United States or the state;

- (4) To invest in, acquire, lease, purchase, own, manage, hold and dispose of real property and lease, convey or deal in or enter into agreements with respect to such property on any terms necessary or incidental to the carrying out of these purposes; provided all such acquisitions of real property for the corporation's own use with amounts appropriated by the state to the corporation or with the proceeds of bonds supported by the full faith and credit of the state shall be subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management and the provisions of section 4b-23 of the general statutes;
- (5) To borrow money or to guarantee a return to the investors in or lenders to any capital initiative, to the extent permitted under this act;
  - (6) To hold patents, copyrights, trademarks, marketing rights, licenses, or any other evidences of protection or exclusivity as to any products as defined herein, issued under the laws of the United States or any state or any nation;
  - (7) To employ such assistants, agents and other employees as may be necessary or desirable, which employees shall be exempt from the classified service and shall not be employees, as defined in subsection (b) of section 5-270 of the general statutes; establish all necessary or appropriate personnel practices and policies, including those relating to hiring, promotion, compensation, retirement and collective bargaining, which need not be in accordance with chapter 68 of the general statutes, and the corporation shall not be an employer as defined in subsection (a) of section 5-270 of the general statutes; and engage consultants, attorneys and appraisers as may be necessary or desirable to carry out its purposes in accordance with this section;

215 (8) To make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or 216 incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its 217 powers under this section;

- 218 (9) To sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded, adopt a seal and 219 alter the same at pleasure;
- (10) With the approval of the State Treasurer, to invest any funds not needed for immediate use or disbursement, including any funds held in reserve, in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States of America or the state of Connecticut and in other obligations which are legal investments for retirement funds in this state;
- 225 (11) To procure insurance against any loss in connection with its 226 property and other assets in such amounts and from such insurers as it 227 deems desirable;
  - (12) To the extent permitted under its contract with other persons, to consent to any termination, modification, forgiveness or other change of any term of any contractual right, payment, royalty, contract or agreement of any kind to which the corporation is a party;
  - (13) To acquire, lease, purchase, own, manage, hold and dispose of personal property, and lease, convey or deal in or enter into agreements with respect to such property on any terms necessary or incidental to the carrying out of these purposes;
- 236 (14) In connection with any application for assistance under this 237 section, or commitments therefor, to make and collect such fees as the 238 corporation shall determine to be reasonable;
  - (15) To enter into venture agreements with persons, upon such terms and conditions as are consistent with the purposes of this chapter to provide financial aid to such persons for the marketing of new and innovative agricultural products and services based on the use of a specific technology, product, device, technique, service or process;

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(16) To enter into limited partnerships or other contractual arrangements with private and public sector entities as the corporation deems necessary to provide financial aid which shall be used to make investments of seed venture capital in agricultural companies based in or relocating to the state in a manner which shall foster additional capital investment, the establishment of new agricultural businesses, the creation of new agricultural jobs and additional commercially-oriented research and development activity. The repayment of such financial aid shall be structured in such manner as the corporation deems will best encourage private sector participation in such limited partnerships or other arrangements. The board of directors, executive director, officers and staff of the corporation may serve as members of any advisory or other board which may be established to carry out the purposes of this subdivision;

- (17) To account for and audit funds of the corporation and funds of any recipients of financial aid from the corporation;
- (18) To advise the Governor, the General Assembly, and the Commissioner of Agriculture on matters relating to agriculture and agricultural technology which may have an impact on state policies, programs, employers and residents, and on job creation and retention;
- 265 (19) To promote agriculture-based development in the state;
- 266 (20) To encourage and promote the establishment of and, within 267 available resources, to provide financial aid to advance agricultural 268 businesses;
- 269 (21) To maintain an inventory of data and information concerning 270 state and federal programs which are related to the purposes of this act 271 and to serve as a clearinghouse and referral service for such data and 272 information;
- 273 (22) To conduct and encourage research and studies relating to 274 agricultural development;
- 275 (23) To encourage and provide technical assistance and, within

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available resources, to provide financial aid to existing agricultural businesses in the process of adopting innovative technology and new state-of-the-art processes and techniques;

- 279 (24) To recommend state goals for agricultural development and to 280 establish policies and strategies for developing and assisting 281 agriculture-based companies;
- 282 (25) To promote and encourage and, within available resources, to 283 provide financial aid for the establishment, maintenance and operation 284 of agriculture related incubator facilities;
- 285 (26) To promote and encourage the coordination of public and 286 private resources and activities within the state in order to assist 287 agriculture-based entrepreneurs and business enterprises;
- 288 (27) To provide services to agricultural industry that will stimulate 289 and advance the adoption and utilization of technology and achieve 290 improvements in the quality of products and services;
- 291 (28) To promote agricultural science and other agriculture related 292 disciplines that are essential to the development and application of 293 agricultural technology;
- 294 (29) To do all acts and things necessary and convenient to carry out 295 the purposes of this section;
  - (30) To accept from the Department of Agriculture: (A) Financial assistance, (B) revenues or the right to receive revenues with respect to any program under the supervision of the department, and (C) loan assets or equity interests in connection with any program under the supervision of the department; to make advances to and reimburse the department for any expenses incurred or to be incurred by it in the delivery of such assistance, revenues, rights, assets, or interests; to enter into agreements for the delivery of services by the corporation, in consultation with the department, to third parties which agreements may include provisions for payment by the department to the corporation for the delivery of such services; and to enter into

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agreements with the department for the sharing of assistants, agents and other consultants, professionals and employees, and facilities and other real and personal property used in the conduct of the corporation's affairs;

- (31) To transfer to the Department of Agriculture: (A) Financial assistance, (B) revenues or the right to receive revenues with respect to any program under the supervision of the corporation, and (C) loan assets or equity interests in connection with any program under the supervision of the corporation, provided the transfer of such financial assistance, revenues, rights, assets or interests is determined by the corporation to be practicable, within the constraints and not inconsistent with the fiduciary obligations of the corporation imposed upon or established upon the corporation by any provision of the general statutes, the corporation's bond resolutions or any other agreement or contract of the corporation and to have no adverse effect on the tax-exempt status of any bonds of the state;
- (32) With respect to any capital initiative, to create, with one or more persons, one or more affiliates and to provide, directly or indirectly, for the contribution of capital to any such affiliate, each such affiliate being expressly authorized to exercise on such affiliate's own behalf all powers which the corporation may exercise under this section, in addition to such other powers provided to it by law;
- 329 (33) To provide financial aid to enable agricultural technology 330 companies to lease, acquire, construct, maintain, repair, replace or 331 otherwise obtain and maintain production, testing, research, 332 development, manufacturing, laboratory and related other facilities, 333 improvements and equipment; and
- 334 (34) To provide financial aid to persons developing agricultural 335 business incubator facilities.
- Sec. 7. Subsection (l) of section 1-79 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July* 1, 2007):

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(1) "Quasi-public agency" means the Center for Agricultural Finance

- 340 and Innovation, Incorporated, the Connecticut Development
- 341 Authority, Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, Connecticut Health
- 342 and Education Facilities Authority, Connecticut Higher Education
- 343 Supplemental Loan Authority, Connecticut Housing Finance
- 344 Authority, Connecticut Housing Authority, Connecticut Resources
- 345 Recovery Authority, Lower Fairfield County Convention Center
- 346 Authority, Capital City Economic Development Authority and
- 347 Connecticut Lottery Corporation.
- Sec. 8. Section 1-120 of the general statutes is repealed and the
- following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2007*):
- As used in sections 1-120 to 1-123, inclusive:
- 351 (1) "Quasi-public agency" means the <u>Center for Agricultural Finance</u>
- 352 and Innovation, Incorporated, the Connecticut Development
- 353 Authority, Connecticut Innovations, Incorporated, Connecticut Health
- and Educational Facilities Authority, Connecticut Higher Education
- 355 Supplemental Loan Authority, Connecticut Housing Finance
- 356 Authority, Connecticut Housing Authority, Connecticut Resources
- 357 Recovery Authority, Capital City Economic Development Authority
- and Connecticut Lottery Corporation.
- 359 (2) "Procedure" means each statement, by a quasi-public agency, of
- 360 general applicability, without regard to its designation, that
- 361 implements, interprets or prescribes law or policy, or describes the
- organization or procedure of any such agency. The term includes the
- 363 amendment or repeal of a prior regulation, but does not include,
- unless otherwise provided by any provision of the general statutes, (A)
- 365 statements concerning only the internal management of any agency
- and not affecting procedures available to the public and (B) intra-
- 367 agency memoranda.
- 368 (3) "Proposed procedure" means a proposal by a quasi-public
- agency under the provisions of section 1-121 for a new procedure or
- for a change in, addition to or repeal of an existing procedure.

Sec. 9. (Effective July 1, 2007) (a) The State Building Inspector and the Commissioner of Agriculture shall study the feasibility of creating and implementing a State Building Code for Agriculture for the purpose of recognizing the unique needs and uses of agricultural buildings. In conducting such study, the State Building Inspector and the commissioner shall consult with representatives from the Connecticut Farm Bureau and the Connecticut Green Industries Coalition.

(b) On or before January 1, 2008, the State Building Inspector and the Commissioner of Agriculture shall submit a report of their findings and recommendations to the joint standing committees of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters relating to agriculture and public safety.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:				
Section 1	July 1, 2007	12-107c		
Sec. 2	July 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 3	July 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 4	July 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 5	July 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 6	July 1, 2007	New section		
Sec. 7	July 1, 2007	1-79(l)		
Sec. 8	July 1, 2007	1-120		
Sec. 9	July 1, 2007	New section		

**ENV** Joint Favorable Subst.

The following fiscal impact statement and bill analysis are prepared for the benefit of members of the General Assembly, solely for the purpose of information, summarization, and explanation, and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose:

#### **OFA Fiscal Note**

# State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 08 \$	FY 09 \$
Department of Agriculture	Various - See	See Below	See Below
	Below		
Department of Revenue Services	GF - None	None	None

Note: GF=General Fund

# **Municipal Impact:** None

# **Explanation**

The fiscal impact of the bill cannot be determined at this time because no direct funding mechanism (such as an appropriation or bond authorization) is provided for the new quasi-public agency, the Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Inc. created in the bill. Any impact will be contingent upon whatever funding is provided to the new quasi-public from the sources outlined in the bill. Any cost to the Department of Agriculture (DOAG) for administrative or other services to be provided will depend upon the provisions of any agreement between the quasi-public and the department. The DOAG currently has no available resources for this purpose.

It is anticipated that requiring the DOAG to study the feasibility of creating and implementing a state building code for agriculture will require the diversion of staff away from current duties or additional minimal resources.

The bill is not anticipated to have a fiscal impact to the real estate conveyance tax or the local property tax as a result of modifying the laws pertaining to classification of farm land when it is transferred to a new owner.

# The Out Years

Any out year costs are indeterminate at this time.

# OLR Bill Analysis sHB 7297

# AN ACT ENHANCING CONNECTICUT AGRICULTURE.

#### **SUMMARY:**

This bill establishes a new quasi-public agency, the Center for Agricultural Finance and Innovation, Inc. (CAFI). It details CAFI's purposes, duties, and powers to provide financing for agricultural business development, growth, and innovation.

The bill establishes a board of directors, which controls CAFI. The board must appoint an executive director, who is not a member of the board, to handle CAFI's administrative affairs and general management. It stipulates that CAFI exists continuously until it is terminated by law; has perpetual succession; and must adopt, amend, and repeal bylaws for conducting its affairs.

The bill changes a provision of the law that requires towns to assess farmland at its actual use value (i.e., a lower assessment) as farmland, which is part of what is known as the "490" program. Under current law, farmland classification terminates when the land is transferred and the new owner, if maintaining the property for agricultural purposes, must reapply for the classification. The bill instead prohibits a town's tax assessor from reclassifying farmland based solely on a ownership transfer, if the new owner continues to use the land for farming or agricultural operations to the extent it had been used before the ownership transfer (i.e., continues the agricultural operations at the same level as under the previous owner).

The bill also requires the state building inspector and the agriculture commissioner to study the feasibility of creating and implementing a state building code for agriculture. In conducting the study, the state building inspector and the commissioner must consult with

representatives from the Connecticut Farm Bureau and the Connecticut Green Industries Coalition. Under the bill, the code's purpose is to recognize the unique needs and uses of agricultural buildings.

The bill requires the state building inspector and the agriculture commissioner to submit a report of their findings and recommendations by January 1, 2008 to the Environment and Public Safety and Security committees.

The bill also makes conforming changes.

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2007

# § 6 - PURPOSES

CAFI's purpose is to provide financing to:

- 1. encourage agricultural business growth and innovation;
- 2. encourage the creation and transfer of new agricultural technology;
- 3. assist existing agricultural businesses in adopting current and innovative technological processes;
- 4. stimulate and provide services to agricultural industry that will advance the adoption and use of agricultural technology;
- 5. improve the quality of agricultural products and services;
- 6. stimulate and encourage the development and operation of new and existing agricultural business incubator facilities; and
- 7. promote agricultural science and other disciplines essential to the development and application of agricultural technology within Connecticut by providing financial aid for research, invention, and innovation in situations in which such aid would not otherwise be reasonably available from other sources.

# §§ 2, 4, & 5 - CAFI BOARD

A 15-member board of directors governs CAFI. The governor appoints eight members, at least six of whom must be knowledgeable and have a favorable reputation for skill, knowledge, and experience, in agriculture, agricultural business, or agricultural finance.

The agriculture commissioner is a member and has all of the powers and privileges of board members. He may designate a deputy or any member of his staff to represent him at CAFI meetings. The designee has full power to act and vote on his behalf.

Six other members are appointed as follows: two each by the Senate president pro tempore and the House speaker and one each by the Senate and House minority leaders.

Each appointed member serves at the pleasure of and coterminous with his or her appointing authority, or until the member's successor is appointed and qualified, whichever is longer.

Board members are eligible for reappointment. The governor must fill any vacancy for the unexpired term of a member she appointed. The appropriate legislative appointing authorities must fill any vacancy for the unexpired term of a member they appointed.

# § 2 – Chairperson and Board Oaths

The governor appoints the board's chairperson, with the advice and consent of both houses of the General Assembly. The board members must annually elect one of the board members as secretary and may elect other officers as they deem proper. Members receive no compensation for performing their duties, but are reimbursed for necessary expenses.

Each board member must take and subscribe the oath of affirmation required by the state constitution before taking office. A record of each such oath or affirmation must be filed in the Secretary of State's Office. The board of directors of the corporation must adopt written procedures for (1) adopting an annual budget and plan of operations,

including a requirement of board approval before the budget or plan may take effect; (2) hiring, dismissing, promoting, and compensating employees of the corporation; (3) awarding grants and loans; and (4) various other aspects involved in running CAFI.

CAFI has the authority to contract with the Agriculture Department for administrative or other services.

# § 4 - Board Members, Quorum, and Structure

CAFI powers are vested in and exercised by the board of directors. Eight board members constitute a quorum and the affirmative vote of a majority of the members present at a board meeting is necessary and sufficient for any board action. No vacancy in board membership can impair the right of a quorum to exercise all the rights and perform all the board's duties. Any action the board takes may be authorized by resolution at any regular or special meeting and takes effect immediately, unless otherwise provided in the resolution. Notice of any regular meeting must be given in writing, by telephone, or orally, at least 48 hours before the meeting. Notice of any special meeting must be given in accordance with the law.

The board may establish committees, subcommittees, or other entities necessary to further CAFI's purposes, including a finance committee and one or more technical peer review committees. The board may delegate powers and duties to three or more of its members. At least one of these members must not be a state employee.

#### § 5 - Executive Director

The board must appoint a CAFI executive director who must direct and supervise its administrative affairs and general management. The director cannot be a board member and serves at the board's pleasure.

The executive director:

- 1. receives compensation as the board determines;
- 2. can employ others as the board designates;

3. must attend all board meetings and (a) keep a record of all CAFI proceedings and (b) maintain and be custodian of all books, documents, papers filed with CAFI, minutes, and the official seal;

- 4. can make copies of all minutes and other records and documents of the corporation and may certify under CAFI's official seal that the copies are true, and all people dealing with the corporation may rely upon such certificates; and
- 5. can serve, or have his designee serve, as a member other boards or committees as may be necessary or desirable to carry out CAFI's purposes.

# **§§ 3 & 6 - CAFI POWERS**

To carry out its purposes, the bill gives CAFI's board the power to undertake the things necessary to achieve its goals.

# Organizational and Administrative

CAFI can:

- 1. have employees who are exempt from the classified service and are not to be considered state union employees; establish all necessary or appropriate personnel practices and policies, which need not be in accordance with state employee collective bargaining laws, and engage consultants, attorneys and appraisers as may be necessary or desirable to carry out its purposes in accordance with this chapter;
- 2. make and collect fees, as the corporation determines are reasonable, in connection with any application for assistance or commitments it has;
- 3. account for and audit funds of the corporation and funds of any recipients of financial aid from the corporation; and
- 4. advise the governor, General Assembly, and agriculture commissioner on matters relating to agriculture and agricultural

technology that may have an impact on state policies, programs, employers and residents, and on job creation and retention.

# Financing

CAFI can:

- 1. enter into venture agreements with people to provide (a) them with financial aid to research, develop, and apply specific technologies, products, procedures, services and techniques to be developed and produced in this state, and to ensure contractually that the benefits of increasing or maintaining employment and tax revenue remain in this state and accrue to it and (b) financial aid for marketing new and innovative agricultural products and services based on the use of a specific technology, product, device, technique, service or process;
- 2. promote and encourage and, within available resources, provide financial aid for the establishment, maintenance, and operation of agriculture-related incubator facilities; promote and encourage the coordination of public and private state resources and activities in order to assist agriculture-based entrepreneurs and business enterprises; and provide financial aid to enable agricultural technology companies to obtain and maintain production, testing, research. development, manufacturing, laboratory and related other facilities, improvements, and equipment.
- 3. obtain aid, grants, or contributions from any money source, property, or labor or other things of value, to be used to benefit agricultural business development, and its growth and innovation;
- 4. borrow money or guarantee a return to the investors in or lenders to any capital initiative, to the extent permitted under this bill;
- 5. invest, with the approval of the state treasurer, any funds not

needed for immediate use or disbursement;

6. enter into limited partnerships or other contractual arrangements with private and public sector entities to provide financial aid to make investments of seed venture capital in agricultural companies based in, or relocating to, the state to foster additional capital investment, the establishment of new agricultural businesses, the creation of new agricultural jobs, and additional commercially oriented research development activity;

- 7. encourage and promote the establishment of and, within available resources, provide financial aid to advance agricultural businesses; and
- 8. with respect to any capital initiative, create and provide funding to the affiliates, which are authorized to exercise on its behalf all powers that the corporation may exercise under the bill.

# Legal

#### CAFI can:

- 1. obtain an interest in real or personal property and acquire, lease, purchase, own, manage, hold and dispose of real or personal property, and lease, convey or deal in or enter into agreements with respect to the property on any terms necessary or incidental to carry out these actions; if the corporation attempts to acquire real property for its use with state-appropriated funds or with bond proceeds supported by the state's full faith and credit, such a transaction is subject to the Office of Policy and Management secretary's approval and the law pertaining to state property;
- 2. hold evidence of protection or exclusivity (e.g., patents or copyrights) for any products issued under any federal, state, or other country's laws;

3. make and enter into all contracts and agreements necessary or incidental to the performance of its duties and the execution of its powers and consent to any termination, modification, forgiveness, or other change of any contractual right;

- 4. sue and be sued, plead and be impleaded (i.e., to sue or prosecute at law) and to adopt a seal and alter the same at its pleasure; and
- 5. obtain insurance against any loss of property and other assets in amounts and from insurers it deems desirable.

#### Service and Research

#### CAFI can:

- 1. maintain an inventory of data and information concerning state and federal programs that are related to expanding and supporting agriculture and to serve as a clearinghouse and referral service for the data and information,
- conduct and encourage research and studies relating to agricultural development and promote agricultural science and related disciplines essential to development and application of agricultural technology,
- 3. encourage and provide technical to existing agricultural businesses in the process of adopting innovative technology and new state-of-the-art processes and techniques,
- 4. recommend state goals for agricultural development and to establish policies and strategies for developing and assisting agriculture-based companies, and
- 5. provide services to agricultural industry that will stimulate and advance the adoption and utilization of technology and achieve improvements in products' and services' quality.

# Agriculture Department

#### CAFI can:

1. accept from, or transfer to, the Agriculture Department: (a) financial assistance, (b) revenue or the right to receive revenue with respect to any program under the department's supervision, and (c) loan assets or equity interests for any program under the department's supervision and to make advances to and reimburse the department for any expenses incurred or to be incurred by it in the delivery of the same;

- 2. enter into agreements for the delivery of services by CAFI, in consultation with the department, to third parties;
- 3. enter into agreements with the department to share assistants, agents and other consultants, professionals and employees, and facilities and other real and personal property used in the conduct of the corporation's affairs; and
- 4. transfer to the department loan assets or equity interests in connection with any program under the supervision of the corporation, under certain circumstances.

#### 490 PROGRAM AND CLASSIFICATION

The law requires assessors to determine the value of 490 farmland based solely on how it is being used (i.e., current use value) without regard to its potential resale or fair market value (i.e., the highest and best use one can make of undeveloped land). The farmer must apply for this determination and the assessor must find that the land is used for agricultural purposes (CGS § 12-107c).

Under current law, the classification terminates when (1) the land's use is changed to something other than was described in the owner's application or (2) the land is sold or transferred. The bill allows the classification to remain if the person to whom the land is transferred maintains it at the same level of agricultural use.

By law, the town clerk must notify the assessor of the sale of any

land that is in the program when the sale is filed in the land records. Upon receiving the notice, the assessor must notify the new owner of the tax benefits of participating in the program. Current law requires the filing of a revised program application with the assessor whenever ownership of land in the program changes. This would be unnecessary under the bill for those that maintain the agricultural use of the previous owner.

# Conveyance Tax

With certain exceptions, the law imposes a conveyance tax on farmland in the 490 program that is sold or transferred within 10 years of its classification. The tax is 10% if the land is sold in the first year following its classification, and decreases by 1% per year. The law also imposes the tax based on sales or transfers within 10 years if a person other than the owner caused the land to be classified as open space or farm or forest land. Presumably, under the bill, the new owner in a transfer case in which the new owner maintains the same level of agriculture activity is subject to the same conveyance tax penalty. It is not clear if the penalty amount, which would be assessed if the person to whom the land was transferred under the bill eventually sells the land or changes its use to a nonagricultural one, continues from the point at which it was transferred or if the clock starts again at 10 years.

The law bases the tax on the property's fair market value as determined in conjunction with the most recent revaluation (CGS §§ 12-504a-f).

#### COMMITTEE ACTION

**Environment Committee** 

Joint Favorable Substitute Yea 27 Nay 3 (03/12/2007)